SCENERY MATERIALS AND THEIR USES

SCENERY MATERIAL	S DESCRIPTION	COMMON USES
HARDWARE:		
hinges latches casters	loose pin, tight pin, butt hing, strap hing, piano barrel bolt, magnetic latch, rim, mortice plate, stationary, swival, stem	pivits: (door, window, flat); joiners:(2 flats) used to keep miving piece in closed/stop position used to roll material; larger the wheel=better it rolls
FASTENERS:		
nails screws bolts	common nail, box nail; 8D, 6D, 12D drywall: sharp point, long shank strongest; carriage: rounded head	used for longer duration used where stress on joint may pull out used with wood/platforms
MARKING & MEASURING	G TOOLS	
tape measurer folding rule chalk line combination square framing square t-square bevel gauge spirit level	different lengths; thickness wood; 6 ft. long wound cloth line in chalk 90' and 45' angles made of steel; smaller steel; larger adjustable for angles horizontal, verticle and 45'	never pop back; flexible tips unfold what you need to measure streatch out, set and prick string used as marking tool with lock to hold in place used to get 90' angles mostly used to mark cross cuts; best for 90' used to set level of angles used to check the balance of something
CUTTING TOOLS crosscut saw	Knife teeth; straight and sharp	cut across grain
rip saw keyhole saw hacksaw saber saw; jig saw miter box & back saw end nips tin shears matt knife portable circular saw	chisel teeth; straight and sharp chisel teeth; angled and flat small handheld handheld; adjustable tension blade electrical; adjustable blade box with different cuts long and skinny thick retractable razor blade electrical; round blade with guard	cut with grain used to cut in small areas; curved shapes used mainly to cut metal used to cut wood with curves; push through used to cut angles used to cut small tight things/take staple out used to cut thin pieces of metal cut cardboard type items; not wood used for cross or rip cuts; keep blade 1/8" showing

SCENERY MATERIALS AND THEIR USES

SCENERY MATERIALS

PLAINING & PARING TOOLS

DESCRIPTION

COMMON USES

PLAINING & PARING TOOLS			
wood chisel rat tail file wood file metal file rasp router smoothing plane sand paper	flat with a beveled side rounded file surface: (/////) surface: (xxxxx) surface: (====) and deep electrical; blade on top & spins blade is less angled/retractable sheets of paper with different grains	used to chisel wood/ must be sharp file in small places file wood (finishing) file metal use first used for shaping and carving designed to work on surface or edge with grain smoothing course surfaces	
BORING TOOLS			
power drill	electical; install drill bit, frwd/rvrs bits: auger, twist, paddle, coutersink	high: metal low: wood	
DRIVING TOOLS			
claw hammer ball peen hammer tack hammer staple gun pneaumatic staple gun jaw wrench flat-head screwdriver phillips screwdriver socket wrench	curved front rounded ball end light weight head; magnetic spring loaded horizontal staple cartrige adjustable to fit nut/bolt fits slotted screws fits phillips screws * ratchets back; different socket sizes	used to pull out nails used flatten metal w/out leaving marks hammer tacks drive staples; diff. sizes uses air pressure to drive staples tighten or loosen nuts/bolts use right size to fit screw and drive use right size to fit screw and drive tighten or loosen nuts/bolts	
PRYING & CLAMPING T			
c-clamp pry bar slip joint pliers	adjustable, shaped like a "C" smaller than wrecking bar joint pivots	clamp different size items pry small item apart used to hold things	
FASTENERS			
nails screws bolts	common nail, box nail; 8D, 6D, 12D drywall: sharp point, long shank strongest; carriage: rounded head	used for longer duration used where stress on joint may pull out used with wood/platforms	